Global Adoption and Impacts of Biotech Cotton

Margaret Karembu, PhD.
Director, ISAAA Africenter
Nairobi, KENYA
mkarembu@isaaa.org

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Overview of Presentation



- Global Adoption 1996 to 2013 (18 years)
- Africa Outlook and Trends
- Impact (1996 to 2012)
- Future Prospects

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ISAAA is a Pro-Choice Organization

- Shares knowledge freely on crop biotechnology whilst respecting the rights of others to make their own decisions; ensure that the global society is well informed about the attributes and potentials of the new crop biotech applications
- MISSION <u>Contribute to poverty alleviation</u> by increasing crop productivity and income generation, particularly for small resource-poor farmers and to ensure a safer and more <u>sustainable</u> environment

Biotech Cotton – 2013

ISAAA

Global Adoption 70%



Overview Planting 15 Countries

Top 4 > 1Million hectares

India = 11 M ha (95% adoption)

China = 4.2 M ha

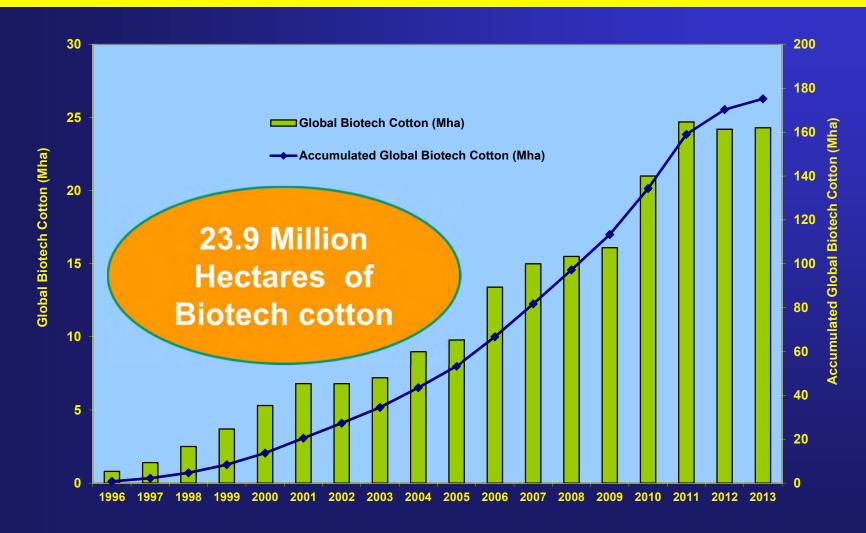
USA = 3.7 M ha

Pakistan = 2.8 M ha

NB: 3 African Countries ~543,759

Global Adoption of Biotech Cotton in Hectares and Accumulated Hectares, 1996 to 2013



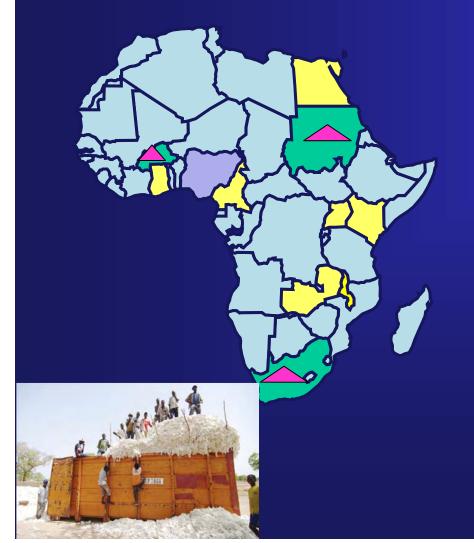


Source: Clive James, 2013

Countries Growing Biotech Cotton - 2013

	Country	Hectarage (M/Ha)	% Biotech cotton
1.	India	11	95%
2.	China	4.2	90%
3.	USA	3.7	90%
4.	Pakistan	2.8	86%
5.	Australia	416,000h	99%
6.	Argentina	500,000h	100%
7.	Brazil	500,000h	47%
8.	Paraguay	50,000h	50%
9.	Burkina Faso	474,229	68.6%
10.	Colombia	24,000h	99%
11.	Costa Rica	235h	100%
12.	Myanmar	305,000h	85%
13.	Mexico	102,000h	90%
14.	South Africa	8,000h	100%
15.	Sudan	61,530h	89%

2013 Africa Biotech Cotton planting and CFTs





Biotech Cotton commercial

South Africa
Burkina Faso
Sudan

In the pipeline (CFTs)

Cameroon
Egypt
Ghana
Kenya
Malawi
Uganda

Case Study: Bt cotton in Burkina Faso



Principal cash crop - generates 300 million US\$ per yr =60% of export earnings!

Total hectarage of Bt cotton in 2013: 474,229 ha against 313,781 ha in 2012 (50% increase)

<u>Benefits</u>

- 1.Average yield increase: 20%
- 2.Labour and insecticide savings: from 6 to 2 sprays=> Health benefits by reducing exposure for humans and environment
- 3. Time saved used to cultivate food crops
- 4. Water saved: 76,320 million litres. (INERA ,Dec.2012)

IMPACT OF BIOTECH COTTON





Bt cotton attracting youngsters to farming: Survey

B Business Bureau

CONTRARY to the perception that youngsters are abandoning farming. Be cotton technology has attracted young farmers to cotton farming in the country, a survey by Indian Society for Cotton Improvement (ISCI) said.

The survey confirmed wide-spread planting of Bt cotton, occupying 95 per cent of total cotton area, in the rainfod, semi-irrigated and irrigated areas, which has taken place during the Last 8-9 years in Maharashtra and Andira Pradesh and 6-7 years in Punjab, ISCI said in a release.

"Bt cotton technology attracted young farmers to cotton farming, with more than 50 per cent of the surveyed farmers coming from the lower middle age group in Maharashtra, Andhra Pradesh and Punjab," the report said.

The report covered 2,400 small holder farmers across the three agroecologically distinct cotton growing states of Maharashtra, Andhra



Pradesh and Punjab.

"More than 50 per cent of respondent Bt comon farmers were from the lower middle age group ranging from 21 to 40 years with a mean average age of 42 years for all respondents in the three surveyed states," it added ISCT's survey report The and Uptake.
Pathways so at Conon in India—
was released today by Agriculture
Minister Sharad Pawar during seed
company Mahyco's golden jubice
celebrations in Julia (Maharashera).

Releasing the report, Pawar said: "The unprecedented high adoption of Bt cotton is due to substantial and significant benefits to farmers, successful control of dreaded bollworm pean, benefits to industry."

The benefits from BT cotton have also come to the nation from enhanced exports and coincidentally protection of environment through substantial reductions in pesticide use, he added.

Bt concon farmers reported an aware of position of Rs 41,837 per the national level. The 't was in the Punjab at 'n hectare followed by Andera Pradesh and per bectare in

In the States surveyed a substantial decrease of \$2.8 per ont in insecticide sprays was trailised, while achieving 99.3 per cost control of the American bollworm pest, it added. Furmers in Maharashtra reported 78 per cent reduction in insecticide sprays, \$2 per cent in Andiras Pradesh and 98 per cent in Punjab, the seport said. Cumulative income benefits 1996 – 2012 USD 37.4 Billion

2012 = USD 5.4 Billion

Burkina Faso earned *USD* ~90Million

India achieved 550kg lint per hectare; USD ~2.1Billion

Relevance & need of biotech cotton particularly for small farmers



- Biotech cotton (Bt/Ht) is neither a <u>growth promoter</u> nor a <u>magic bullet:</u> Good Agronomic practices and stewardship key!
- Right combination of <u>biotech trait(s) and genotype(s)</u> is essential for success
- Investment returns on biotech cotton largely depend on the <u>degree of insect-pest infestation</u> & <u>weed prevalence</u>
- Timely availability of quality and purity of <u>biotech cotton</u> seeds (varietal/hybrid) is a must to optimize the efficacy of biotech trait(s) and productivity of genotypes

Four requirements for growth of Biotech cotton in Africa



1. Political will and support from lead countries, governments and institutions

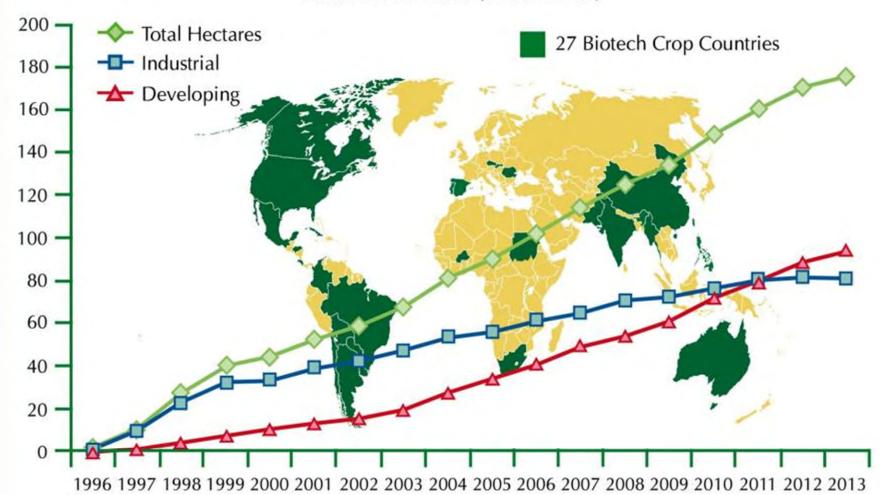
2. Efficient, science-based and predictable regulatory regimes

3. Focus on Value-chain approach

4. Communication with Society transparently and accurately

"What we need is
courage by the
leaders of those
countries where
farmers still have no
choice but to use
older and less
effective
methods...Borlaug

GLOBAL AREA OF BIOTECH CROPS Million Hectares (1996-2013)



A record 18 million farmers, in 27 countries, planted 175.2 million hectares (433 million acres) in 2013, a sustained increase of 3% or 5 million hectares (12 million acres) over 2012.

Source: Clive James, 2013.

The Clive Curve